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Implementation of STEAM-Based Project-Based Learning to Improve Critical Thinking Skills to Support SDG 4

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ABSTRACT

Objective: The purpose of this study is to analyze the Implementation of STEAM-Based Project Based Learning to Improve Students' Critical Thinking Skills in High School. **Method:** The method used is a literature review which is included in qualitative descriptive research, with the population used in writing this article being several sources of articles from various accredited national and international journals.

Results: Based on some of the literature that has been reviewed, the application of the STEAM-based Project Based Learning model is very effective to be applied to education in Indonesia because learning is not only centered on the teacher, but students also play an active role in learning activities. This learning model can also improve problem solving skills well. This learning model can also be used with various learning media. **Novelty:** The integration of STEAM and Project-Based Learning to improve the critical thinking skills of high school students in Indonesia provides a valuable gap in its effectiveness for the development of the 21st-century curriculum, while also supporting the achievement of Sustainable Development Goal 4 (Quality Education) by promoting inclusive, equitable, and future-oriented learning practices.

INTRODUCTION

Sustainable Development Goal 4 (SDG 4) emphasizes the importance of inclusive and equitable quality education for all, and promotes lifelong learning. The use of educational technology is key to achieving this goal, as it enables broader access, personalized learning, and the development of 21st-century skills. Education plays a vital role in improving the quality of Human Resources (HR) to support a good thinking process (Irmayanti et al., 2023; Santika, 2021; Abdulah, 2020). In the 21st century, there are six abilities that students need to master, namely the 6Cs, which include Communication, Collaboration, Critical Thinking, Creativity, Character, and Citizenship (Wahyuni, 2022).

Critical thinking is a thinking process that, when applied correctly, can be useful for systematically assessing complex ideas, thereby facilitating the solution of problems more easily (Arifin, 2020; Muti'ah, 2020; Lintangesukmanjaya et al., 2024). Critical thinking skills are one of the basic capitals that are very important for everyone and are a fundamental part of human development that must be trained along with a person's intellectual development (Bahari & Yuliani, 2021; Mayarni & Yulianti, 2020). Therefore, students are expected to possess good critical thinking skills (Lestari, 2021; Sari, 2023).

Based on the results of the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) research, the science literacy of students in Indonesia in 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012, and 2015 achieved a score of 393, 395, 395, and 395, respectively. Scores of 393, 395, 395, 383,