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Parallel Dimensions of Knowledge: Bibliometric Insights into Metaphysics, Culture, and Modern Physics (2020-2025)

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ABSTRACT

Objective: This study aims to analyze research trends on the concept of parallel worlds within metaphysical studies and its connections to both modern and classical physics. The focus is on exploring the relationship between metaphysical perspectives, cultural traditions, and scientific theories such as relativity, dimensions, and thermodynamics. **Method:** This research adopts a descriptive qualitative approach using a Systematic Literature Review (SLR) and bibliometric analysis. Data were collected from various international academic databases covering publications from the last five years and were analyzed thematically to identify patterns, conceptual linkages, and emerging research trends. **Results:** The analysis reveals a growing number of publications discussing parallel worlds and metaphysics over the past five years. Many studies integrate traditional and cultural wisdom with modern physics, positioning the field as a multidisciplinary endeavor bridging philosophy and science. **Novelty:** This study finds that parallel worlds are closely connected to metaphysics and physics, particularly in the context of space-time dimensions, relativity, quantum mechanics, and thermodynamic principles. The integration of cultural, philosophical, and scientific perspectives highlights that metaphysics is not solely speculative but can be examined scientifically through interdisciplinary approaches.

INTRODUCTION

In the development of modern science, humans continually strive to understand the nature of reality and the universe as a whole. The concept of parallel worlds is an intriguing idea that is expected to bridge the gap between metaphysics and modern physical theories (Joshi et al., 2024). Through a multidisciplinary approach, scientists and philosophers hope to discover the integration of the material and nonmaterial dimensions and reinterpret human existence within the broader context of space and time (Ohno, 2021).

In reality, the study of parallel worlds is still often viewed as a speculative topic and is difficult to prove scientifically. In the classical metaphysical tradition, discussions of nonphysical dimensions are rooted in spiritual and cultural concepts (Norman & Walid, 2025). Meanwhile, modern physics, through the theories of relativity, quantum mechanics, and multidimensional space-time, has also begun to open up interpretive space for the possibility of parallel realities (Disia, 2024). However, the relationship between these two realms (metaphysics and physics) is rarely studied integratively in academic research.

The gap that emerges is the lack of comprehensive studies that systematically explore how the concept of parallel worlds is understood and connected between metaphysical and physical perspectives (Ding et al., 2025). Some research focuses more on