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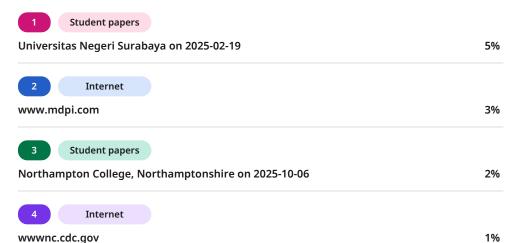
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Trend Point 11 SDG: The Potential of the Giri Kedaton Site in Discussing Eco-Spiritualism Philosophy

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ABSTRACT

Objective: Identifying global aspects of eco-spiritualism and analyzing its potential at the Giri Kedaton site to achieve SDG 11, which aims to create inclusive and sustainable settlements. Method: The research was conducted using a mixed-methods research model. This research approach combines qualitative methods (Bibliometric Analysis) and quantitative methods (Observation) in one study to gain a more comprehensive understanding of a phenomenon. Results: There is a global research trend in philosophy supporting the SDGs. The number of documents and citations increased from 2020 to 2025, resulting in 48 Scopus documents, with the highest number of citations in 2024 at 185. Bibliometric analysis findings identified three main aspects of eco-spiritualism: philosophical foundations, environmental ethics, and integration practices. The Giri Kedaton site, as a cultural heritage site, has the potential to uphold the values of eco-spiritualism and SDG 11 for global recognition. Novelty: The environmentally friendly principles of sustainable settlement management, in accordance with SDG 11, are reflected in the Giri Kedaton site. The potential for comfortable living and inclusive settlements is a key aspect of SDG 11. Analysis of the findings opens up new insights into the realm of eco-spirituality related to the beliefs and philosophy of the Giri Kedaton site.

INTRODUCTION

More than half of the world's population currently lives in urban areas, and that number continues to increase with the development of globalization and urbanization. Rapid urban growth brings significant challenges such as congestion, pollution, social inequality, limited green space, and environmental degradation (Auwalu & Bello, 2023). SDG 11 is a goal to design cities and communities that are inclusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable through spatial planning, environmentally friendly transportation, resource management, and cultural and environmental preservation (Monaco, 2024; Nkengla-Asi et al., 2024). Awareness of the importance of SDG 11 will encourage the active participation of all parties to create cities that are not only livable but also able to support the quality of life of current and future generations.

The formation of an inclusive community order can be realized through an ecospiritual approach with philosophical theories embodied in the culture and characteristics of the surrounding environment (Bhandari, 2021; Sinha, 2025). The integration of eco-spiritualism with SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities) is feasible, as both focus on achieving a balance between human and environmental needs (Taufiq et al., 2021). Eco-spiritualism can strengthen the values of sustainability in urban planning, resource management, and community lifestyles by instilling spiritual